



# Low-Power Operational Amplifier Single or Dual Supply

OP-21

## FEATURES

- Low Supply Current ..... 230 $\mu$ A Max
- Wide Supply Range .....  $\pm 2.5V$  to  $\pm 15V$
- Low Input Offset Voltage ..... 100 $\mu$ V Max
- Low Input Offset Voltage Drift ..... 1.0 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C Max
- High Common-Mode  
Input Range ..... V- (+0.5V) to V+ (-1.5V)
- High CMRR and PSRR ..... 100dB Min
- High Open-Loop Gain ..... 1000V/mV Min
- 125 $^{\circ}$ C Temperature Tested Dice

## ORDERING INFORMATION <sup>†</sup>

		PACKAGE	OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE
T <sub>0</sub> = +25 $^{\circ}$ C	V <sub>os MAX</sub> ( $\mu$ V)	CERDIP 8-PIN	
100	OP21AJ	OP21A2	MIL IND
100	-	OP21EZ	IND
200	OP21FJ	OP21FP	XIND
500	OP21GJ	OP21GR	XIND
500	-	OP21HSIT	-

\* For devices processed in total compliance to MIL-STD-883, add /883 after part number. Consult factory for 883 data sheet.

† Burn-in is available on commercial and industrial temperature range parts in CerDIP, plastic DIP, and TO-can packages.

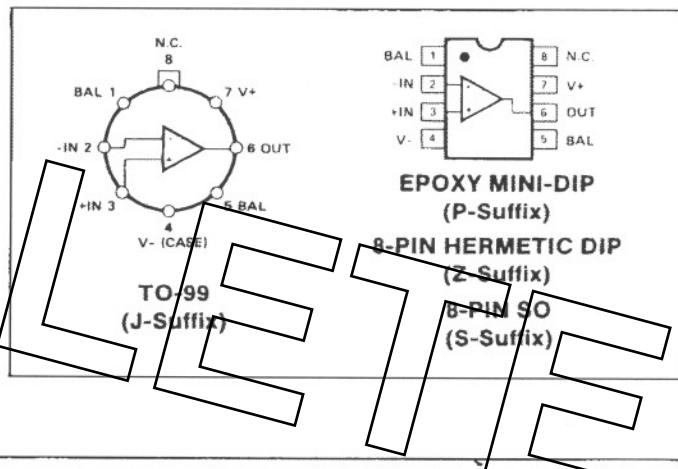
† For availability and burn-in information on SO and PLCC packages, contact your local sales office.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

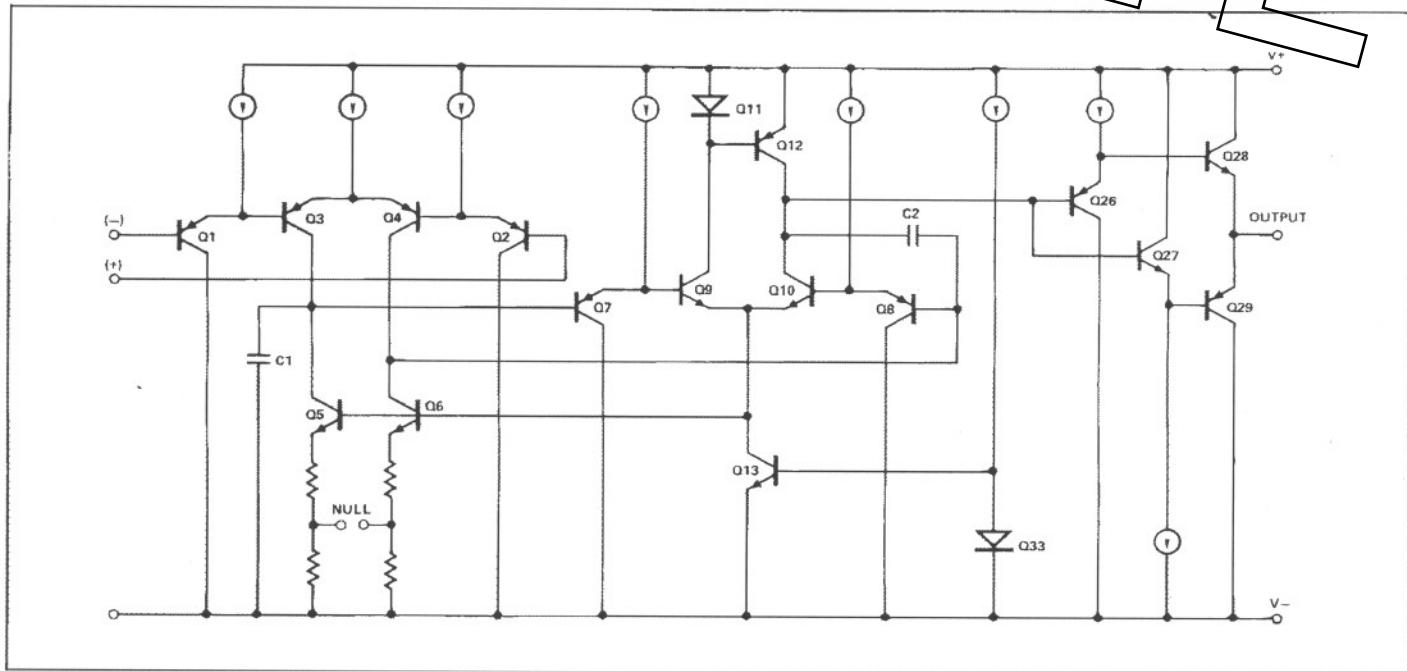
The OP-21 is a precision low-power operational amplifier offering the benefits of low offset voltage and high slew rate with the advantages of low power. A supply range of  $\pm 2.5V$  to  $\pm 15V$  allows a wide range of applications.

Two military temperature range models and three industrial temperature range models are available in TO-99 cans and 8-Pin hermetic DIPs. Industrial temperature range models are also available in 8-Pin epoxy DIPs. See OP-221 for dual and OP-421 for quad versions of the OP-21.

## PIN CONNECTIONS



## SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



## OP-21

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 2)

Supply Voltage	.....	$\pm 18V$
Differential Input Voltage	.....	$\pm 30V$
Input Voltage	.....	Supply Voltage
Output Short-Circuit Duration	.....	Indefinite
Storage Temperature Range	J and Z Packages	-65°C to +125°C
P Package	.....	-65°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	OP-21A	-55°C to +125°C
	OP-21E, OP-21F	-25°C to +85°C
	OP-21HS, OP-21G	-40°C to +85°C

Junction Temperature ( $T_j$ ) ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec) ..... 300°C

PACKAGE TYPE	$\theta_{JA}$ (Note 1)	$\theta_{JC}$	UNITS
TO-99 (J)	150	18	°C/W
8-Pin Hermetic DIP (Z)	148	16	°C/W
8-Pin Plastic DIP (P)	103	43	°C/W
8-Pin SO (S)	158	43	°C/W

## NOTES:

1.  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for worst case mounting conditions, i.e.,  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for device in socket for TO, CerDIP, P-DIP, and LCC packages;  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for device soldered to printed circuit board for SO package.
2. Absolute maximum ratings apply to both DICE and packaged parts, unless otherwise noted.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $V_S = \pm 2.5V$  to  $\pm 15V$  and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-21A/E			OP-21F			OP-21G/H			UNITS
			MIN	Typ	MAX	MIN	Typ	MAX	MIN	Typ	MAX	
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_S = \pm 15V$	—	40	100	—	150	200	—	300	500	$\mu V$
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 0$	—	0.6	4	—	0.8	5	—	1.2	6	nA
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 0$	—	50	100	—	60	120	—	70	150	nA
Input Voltage Range	$IVR$	$V_S = \pm 15V$	-14.5/13.5	—	—	-14.5/13.5	—	—	-14.5/13.5	—	—	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_S = \pm 5V$ , No Load $-14.5V \leq V_{CM} \leq 13.5V$	100	110	—	90	105	—	84	100	—	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$ , No Load	—	2	6	—	4	10	—	10	32	$\mu V/V$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $V_O \pm 10V$	1000	2000	—	500	500	—	500	1000	—	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_O$	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$	-13.7/14.0	—	—	-13.7/13.9	—	—	-13.6/13.8	—	—	V
Slew Rate	SR	$C_L = 100pF$ , $R_L = 25k\Omega$	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	$V/\mu s$
Closed-Loop Bandwidth	BW	$A_{VCL} = +1$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	kHz
Supply Current	$I_{SY}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ , No Load $V_S = \pm 15V$ , No Load	—	170	230	—	180	275	—	190	300	$\mu A$
			—	230	300	—	235	360	—	250	420	

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at  $V_S = \pm 2.5V$  to  $\pm 15V$ ,  $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$  for OP-21A,  $-25^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$  for OP-21E and OP-21F,  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$  for OP-21G and OP-21H, unless otherwise noted.

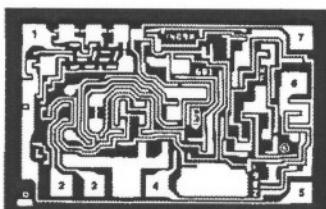
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-21A/E			OP-21F			OP-21G/H			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift (Notes 1, 2)	$TCV_{OS}$ $TCV_{OSn}$	Unnullied Nullied	—	0.5	1.0	—	1.0	2.0	—	2.5	5.0	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$		—	75	200	—	200	500	—	500	1000	$\mu V$
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 0$	—	0.7	5	—	0.7	6	—	0.8	8	nA
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 0$	—	50	110	—	60	130	—	70	165	nA
Input Voltage Range	IVR		—14.3/13.2	—	—	—14.3/13.2	—	—	—14.3/13.2	—	—	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	No Load, $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $-14.5V \leq V_{CM} \leq 13.2V$	96	105	—	86	100	—	80	95	—	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$ , No Load	—	4	10	—	6	18	—	18	57	$\mu V/V$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Avo	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 20k\Omega$ , $V_o = \pm 10V$	500	1500	—	250	1300	—	250	1000	—	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_o$	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 20k\Omega$	—13.5/13.8	—	—	—13.5/13.7	—	—	—13.5/13.6	—	—	V
Supply Current	$I_{SY}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ , No Load $V_S = \pm 15V$ , No Load	—	205	275	—	215	330	—	230	360	$\mu A$
			—	275	360	—	285	430	—	300	500	

**NOTES:**

1. Sample tested.
2.  $TCV_{OSn}$  is guaranteed by unnullied  $TCV_{OS}$  and device design.

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## DICE CHARACTERISTICS (125°C TESTED DICE AVAILABLE)



DIE SIZE 0.069 × 0.046 inch, 3174 sq. mils  
(1.75 × 1.17 mm, 2.05 sq. mm)

1. BALANCE
2. INVERTING INPUT
3. NONINVERTING INPUT
4. V-
5. BALANCE
6. OUTPUT
7. V+

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$  for OP-21N and OP-21G devices;  $T_A = +125^\circ C$  for OP-21NT and OP-21GT devices, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-21NT LIMIT	OP-21N LIMIT	OP-21GT LIMIT	OP-21G LIMIT	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$		200	100	500	200	$\mu V$ MAX
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 0$	4	4	5	5	nA MAX
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 0$	100	100	120	120	nA MAX
Input Voltage Range	$IVR$		-14.3 +13.5	-14.5 +13.5	-14.3 +13.5	-14.5 +13.5	V MIN
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	No Load $CMVR = IVR$	96	100	86	90	dB MIN
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$ No Load	40	6	18	10	$\mu V/V$ MAX
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $V_O = \pm 10V$	500	1000	250	500	$V/mV$ MIN
Output Voltage Swing	$V_O$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	-13.5 +13.8	-13.7 +14.0	-13.5 +13.8	-13.7 +13.9	V MIN
Supply Current	$I_{SY}$	No Load	300	300	360	360	$\mu A$ MAX

## NOTES:

For  $25^\circ C$  characteristics of NT & GT devices, see N & G characteristics respectively.

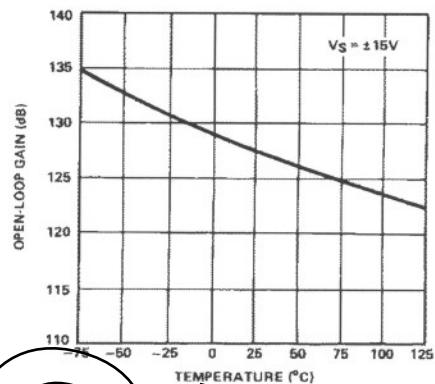
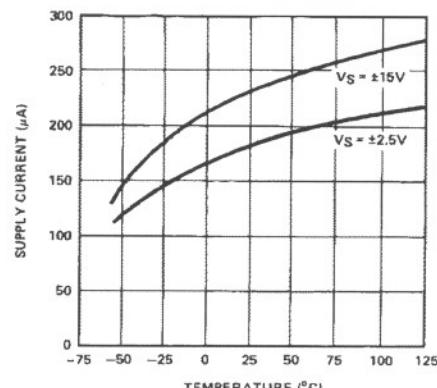
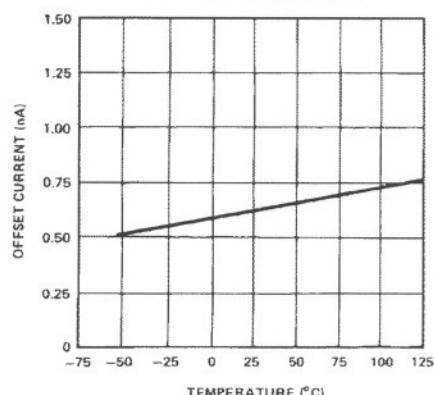
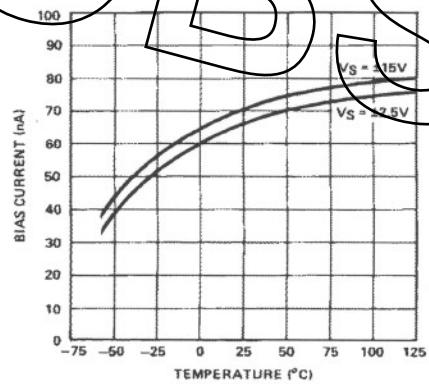
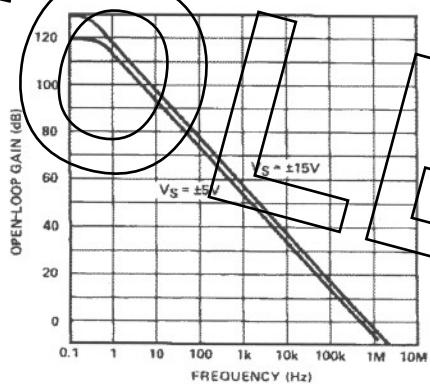
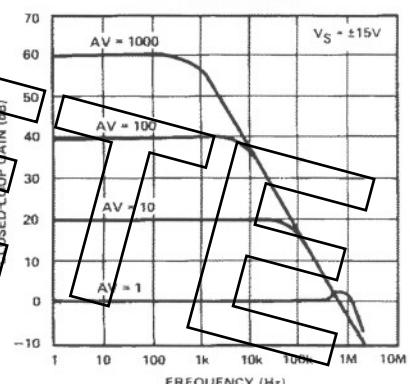
Electrical tests are performed at wafer probe to the limits shown. Due to variations in assembly methods and normal yield loss, yield after packaging is not guaranteed for standard product dice. Consult factory to negotiate specifications based on dice lot qualification through sample lot assembly and testing.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

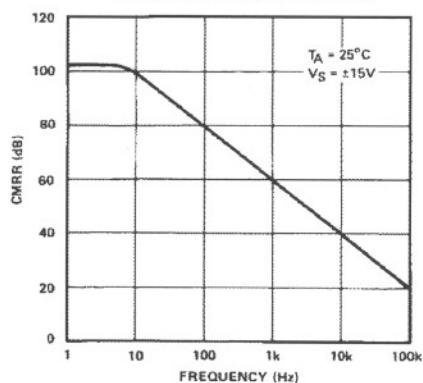
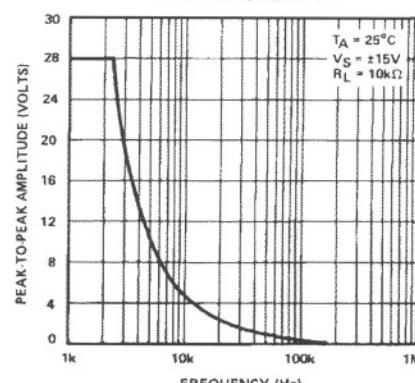
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-21NT TYPICAL	OP-21N TYPICAL	OP-21GT TYPICAL	OP-21G TYPICAL	UNITS
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCV_{OS}$	Unnulled	0.5	0.5	1	1	$\mu V/\text{ }^\circ C$
Nulled Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCV_{OSn}$	Nulled, $R_p = 10k\Omega$	0.5	0.5	1	1	$\mu V/\text{ }^\circ C$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	2000	2000	1500	1500	$V/mV$
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 25k\Omega$ $C_L = 100pF$	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	$V/\mu s$
Closed-Loop Bandwidth	BW	$A_{VCL} = +1$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$	600	600	600	600	kHz

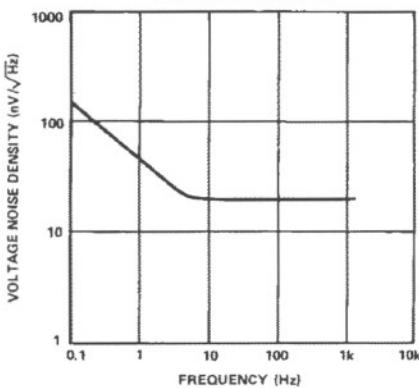
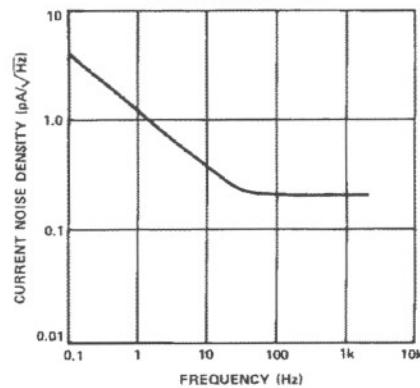
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## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

OPEN-LOOP GAIN  
vs TEMPERATURESUPPLY CURRENT  
vs TEMPERATUREOFFSET CURRENT  
vs TEMPERATUREBIAS CURRENT  
vs TEMPERATUREOPEN-LOOP GAIN  
vs FREQUENCYCLOSED-LOOP GAIN  
vs FREQUENCY

CMRR vs FREQUENCY

MAXIMUM OUTPUT SWING  
vs FREQUENCY

**OP-21****TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS****VOLTAGE NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY****CURRENT NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY**

**OBSERVE**

**NONINVERTING  
LARGE-SIGNAL RESPONSE**

Oscilloscope trace showing a noninverting large-signal response. The input signal is a square wave from 0 to 5V. The output signal is a smooth, distorted sine wave. Scale: 2V, 50 $\mu$ s.

**NONINVERTING  
SMALL-SIGNAL RESPONSE**

Oscilloscope trace showing a noninverting small-signal response. The input signal is a square wave from 0 to 100mV. The output signal is a smooth, distorted sine wave. Scale: 100mV, 2 $\mu$ s.

**INPUT**      **OUTPUT**

**INPUT**      **OUTPUT**

Wiring diagrams for the two test circuits:

- Noninverting Large-Signal Response:** A noninverting amplifier circuit with a feedback resistor of 40k $\Omega$  and a compensation capacitor of 100pF. The input is connected to the noninverting terminal through a 10k $\Omega$  resistor.
- Noninverting Small-Signal Response:** A noninverting amplifier circuit with a feedback resistor of 25k $\Omega$  and a compensation capacitor of 100pF. The input is connected to the noninverting terminal through a 10k $\Omega$  resistor.