



# Product Specification

## XBLW INA180/INA181

Zero Drift Bidirectional Current Detection Amplifier

WEB | [www.xinboleic.com](http://www.xinboleic.com) →

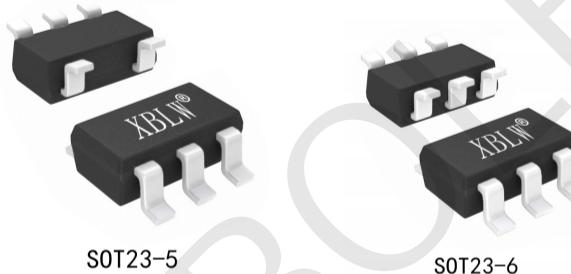


## Descriptions

INA181 and INA180 are wideband, zero-drift, bidirectional current detection amplifiers, mainly used in battery monitoring, power management, Overcurrent detection, etc. The circuit can induce the voltage drop on the shunt resistor at a common-mode voltage ranging from -0.2V to 30V. The INA181 and INA180 circuits are integrated with a matching resistor gain network with four fixed gain options: 20 V/V, 50 V/V, 100 V/V and 200 V/V. The INA181 and INA180 circuits are powered by a single source from 2.7V to 5.5V with a maximum supply current of 260 $\mu$ A.

## Feature

- Rail to rail output
- Offset voltage:  
 ±150 $\mu$ V (maximum), VCM=0V  
 ±500 $\mu$ V (maximum), VCM=12V
- Accuracy and zero drift characteristics:  
 Gain error: ±1% (Max)  
 Offset drift: 1 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C (maximum)  
 Gain drift: 20ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C (Max))
- Output voltage gain:  
 20V/V (INA181 A1、INA180 A1、B1)  
 50V/V (INA181 A2、INA180 A2、B2)  
 100V/V (INA181 A3、INA180 A3、B3)  
 200V/V (INA181 A4、INA180 A4、B4)
- High bandwidth:  
 350kHz (INA181 A1、INA180 A1、B1)
- Package form:  
 INA180: SOT23-5  
 INA181: SOT23-6



## Applications

- Motor control
- Lighting control
- Solar inverters
- Overcurrent detection
- Power management
- Battery monitoring

## Ordering Information

Product Model	Package Type	Marking	Packing	Packing Qty
INA180A1IDBVR	SOT23-5	18ID	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180A2IDBVR	SOT23-5	1A8D	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180A3IDBVR	SOT23-5	1A9D	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180A4IDBVR	SOT23-5	1AAD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180B1IDBVR	SOT23-5	18RD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180B2IDBVR	SOT23-5	1ABD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180B3IDBVR	SOT23-5	1ACD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA180B4IDBVR	SOT23-5	1ADD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA181A1IDBVR	SOT23-6	18JD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA181A2IDBVR	SOT23-6	1AED	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA181A3IDBVR	SOT23-6	1AFD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel
INA181A4IDBVR	SOT23-6	1AGD	Tape	3000Pcs/Reel

## Block Diagram

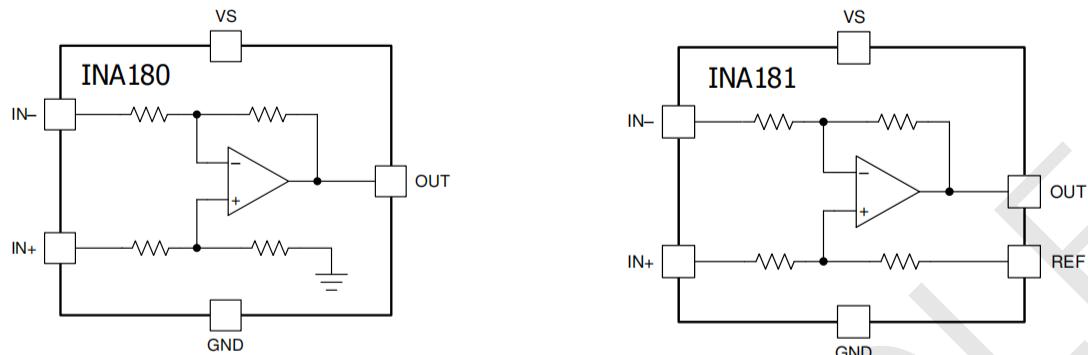


Figure 1 Functional block diagram of INA180 and INA181

## Pin Configurations

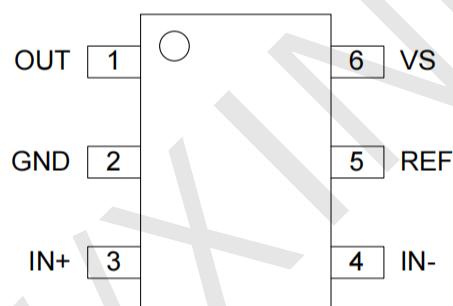


Figure 2 Pin arrangement diagram of INA181

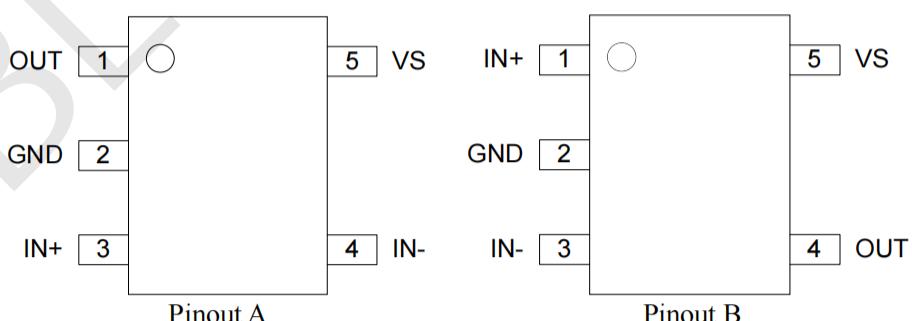


Figure 3 Pin arrangement diagram of INA180

## Pin Description

Pin of lead			Symbol	Attribute	Function
INA181	INA180 Pin Out A	INA180 Pin out B			
1	1	4	OUT	O	Output voltage
2	2	2	GND	GND	Negative power supply or ground
3	3	1	IN+	I	Current detection amplifier in the same direction input
4	4	3	IN-	I	Reverse input of current detection amplifier
5	—	—	REF	I	Voltage of reference
6	5	5	V <sub>s</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	Positive power supply

## Electrical characteristic

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>amb</sub>=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>s</sub>	—	6	V
The input voltage is IN+, IN-	Difference (IN+)-(IN-)	-30	30	V
	Common mode (VCM)	GND-0.2	35	V
Current of output	I <sub>OUT</sub>	—	8	mA
Maximum junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	—	150	°C
Temperature of storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65	150	°C
Welding temperature (10 seconds)	T <sub>L</sub>	260		°C

### ESD

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Grade of ESD	HBM	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	±3	kV

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Common mode input voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	-0.2	12	30	V
Power supply voltage	V <sub>S</sub>	2.7	5	5.5	V
Operating temperature	T <sub>amb</sub>	-40	25	125	°C

## Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified,  $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{SENSE}=(VIN+)-(VIN-)$ ,  $V_S=5V$ ,  $V_{IN+}=12V$ ,  $V_{REF}=V_S/2$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Input in</b>						
Input offset voltage	$V_{os}$	$V_{SENSE}=0mV$		$\pm 100$	$\pm 500$	$\mu V$
		$V_{SENSE}=0mV, V_{IN+}=0V$	—	$\pm 25$	$\pm 150$	$\mu V$
Input offset voltage temperature drift	$V_{os\ T_c}$	$V_{SENSE}=0mV, -40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	—	0.2	1	$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
Common mode input range	$V_{CM}$	$-40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	-0.2		30	V
Common mode inhibition ratio	$C_{MRR}$	$V_{IN+}=0\sim 30V, V_{SENSE}=0mV, -40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	84	100	—	dB
Input bias current	IB	$V_{SENSE}=0mV, V_{IN+}=0V$	—	-6	—	$\mu A$
		$V_{SENSE}=0mV$		75		$\mu A$
Input offset current	$I_{os}$	$V_{SENSE}=0mV$	—	0.05	—	$\mu A$
Power supply rejection ratio	$P_{SRR}$	$V_S=+2.7\sim 18V, V_{IN+}=18V, V_{SENSE}=0mV$	—	$\pm 8$	$\pm 40$	$\mu V/V$
NOISE RTI (referred to input)						
Input voltage noise density	en	$f=1\text{ kHz}$	—	40	—	$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
<b>Output</b>						
Gain of gain	G	INA181A1/INA180A1,B1	—	20	—	V/V
		INA181A2/INA180A2,B2	—	50	—	V/V
		INA181A3/INA180A3,B3	—	100	—	V/V
		INA181A4/INA180A4,B4		200		V/V
Error of gain	EG	$V_{OUT}=0.5V\sim VS-0.5V, -40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	—	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 1\%$	—
Gain error drift	EG TC	$-40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	—	1.5	20	ppm
Error of nonlinearity		$V_{OUT}=0.5V \text{ to } VS-0.5V$		$\pm 0.01\%$		
Maximum capacitive load	$C_{LOAD}$	No sustained oscillation	—	1	—	nF
Swing to Vs power-supply rail	$V_{SP}$	$R_{LOAD}=10k\Omega \text{ to GND}, -40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	VS-0.03	VS-0.02		V
Swing to GND	$V_{SN}$	$R_{LOAD}=10k\Omega \text{ to GND}, -40\sim 125^{\circ}C$	—	$VGND+0.0005$	$VGND+0.005$	V

Frequency response						
Bandwidth	Bw	C <sub>LOAD</sub> =10pF, INA181A1, INA180A1,B1	—	350	—	kHz
		C <sub>LOAD</sub> =10pF, INA181A2, INA180A2,B2	—	210	—	kHz
		C <sub>LOAD</sub> =10pF, INA181A3, INA180A3,B3	—	150	—	kHz
		C <sub>LOAD</sub> =10pF, INA181A4, INA180A4,B4	—	105	—	kHz
Rate of swing	SR	INA181A1,INA180A1,B1	—	2	—	V/μs
		INA181A2,INA180A2,B2	—	4	—	V/μs
		INA181A3,INA180A3,B3	—	6	—	V/μs
		INA181A4,INA180A4,B4	—	8	—	V/μs
Power supply						
Power supply voltage	VS	—	2.7	—	5.5	V
Static current	IQ	INA181,INA180,V <sub>SENSE</sub> =0 mV	—	175	260	μA
		INA181,INA180, V <sub>SENSE</sub> =0 mV -40~125°C			300	μA

## Curve of characteristic

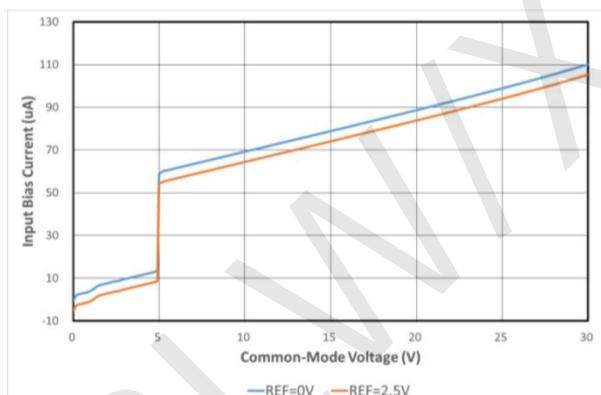


FIG. 4 Input bias current and input common mode voltage (VS=5V)

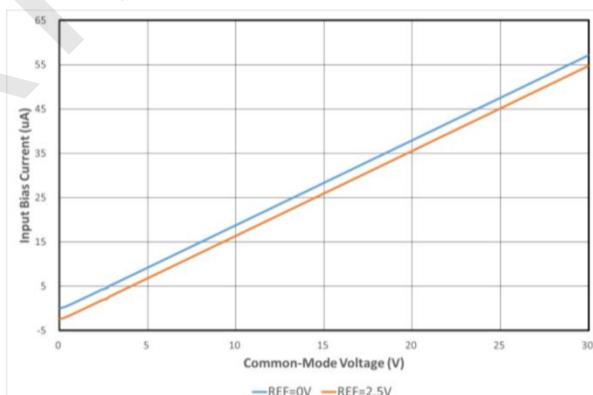


FIG. 5 Input bias current and input common mode voltage (VS=0V)

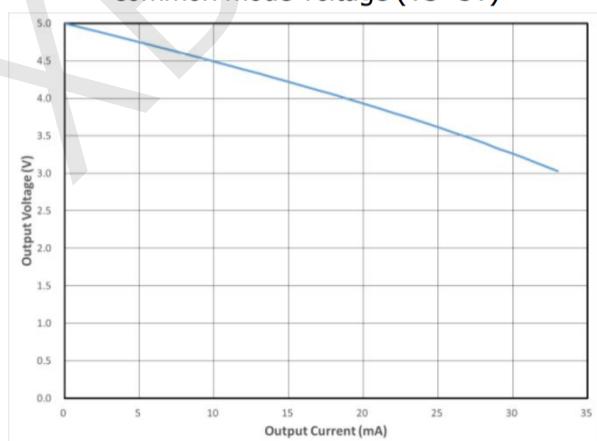


Figure 6 Output high level drive

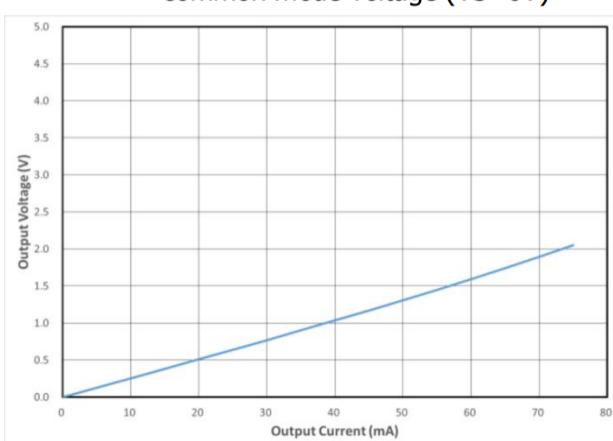


Figure 7 Output low level drive

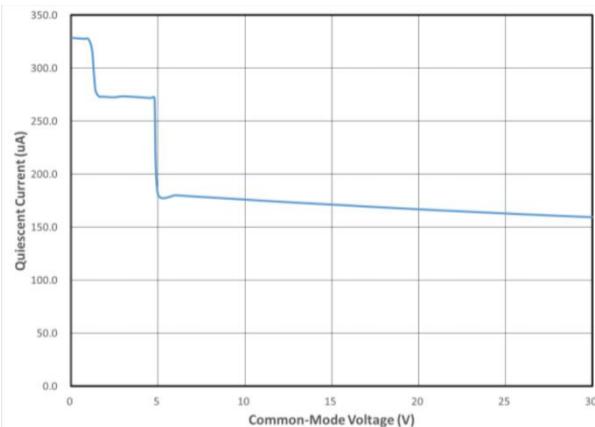


FIG. 8 Input common mode voltage and quiescent current (VS=5V)

## Typical application lines and instructions

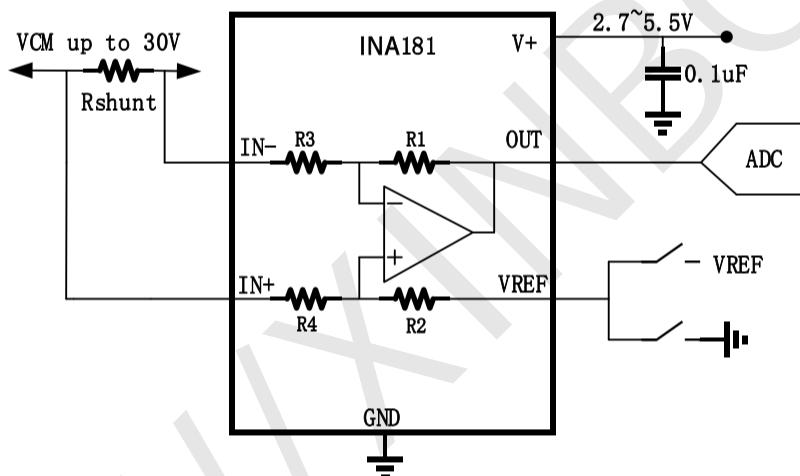


Figure 9 Typical application lines of INA181

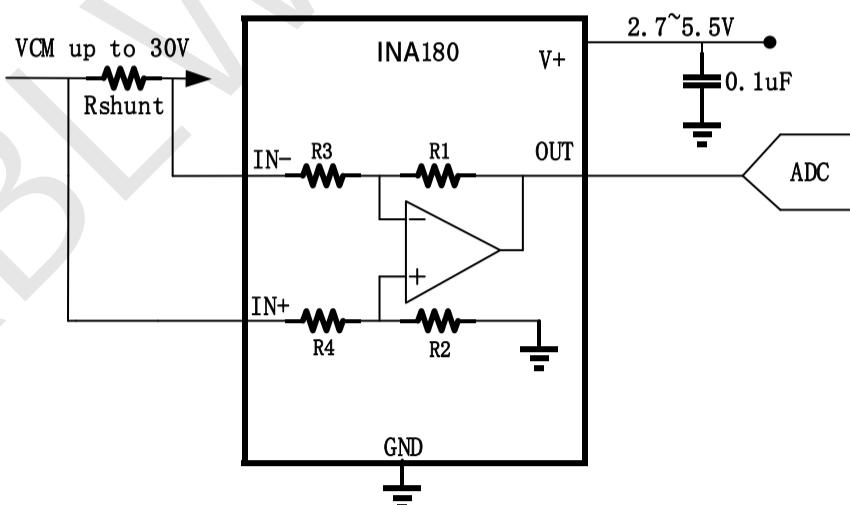


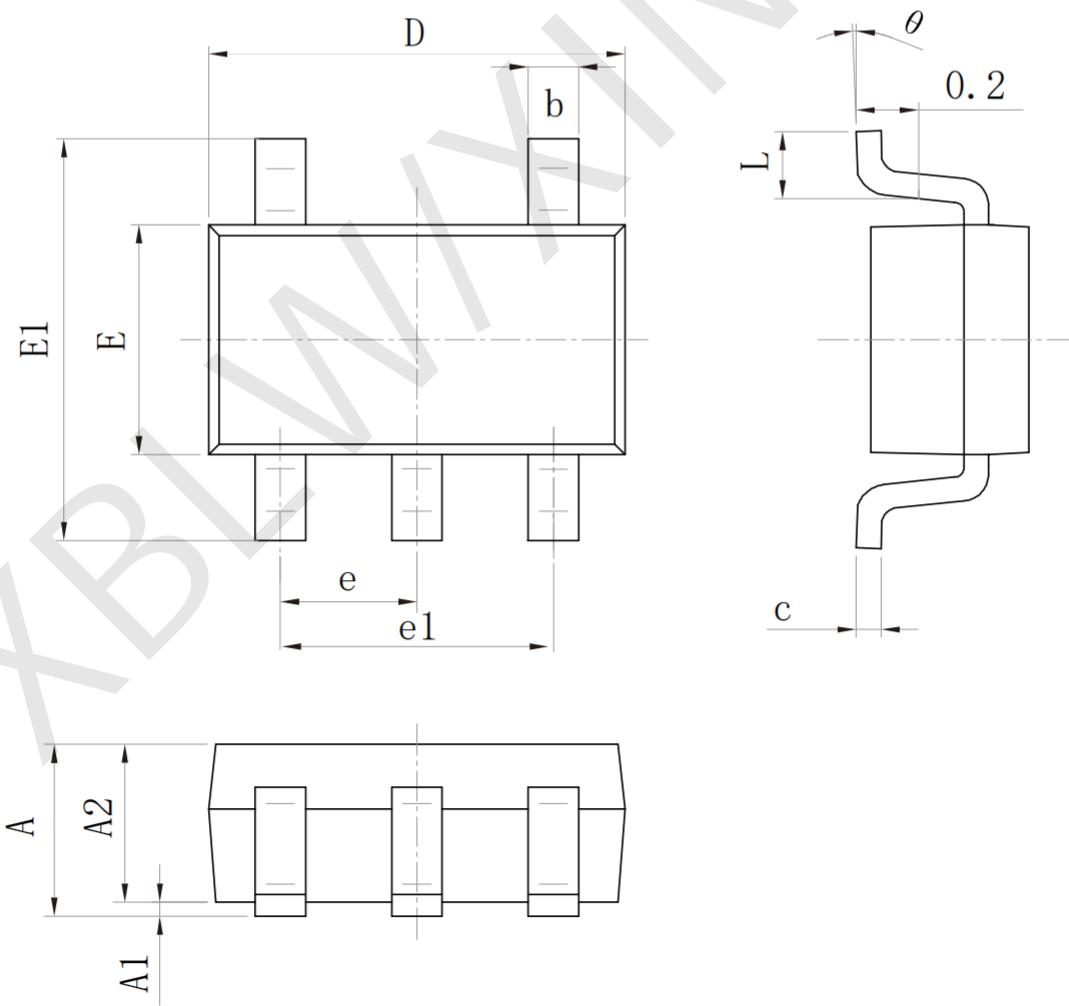
Figure 10 Typical application lines of INA180

Above, the basic application connection of INA181/INA180 is shown. Input pins IN+ and IN- should be directly connected to the detection resistor as much as possible. To minimize any resistance in series with the detection resistor. To ensure stability, it is necessary to use the power supply bypass capacitor, which is placed close to the device pin.

## Package Information

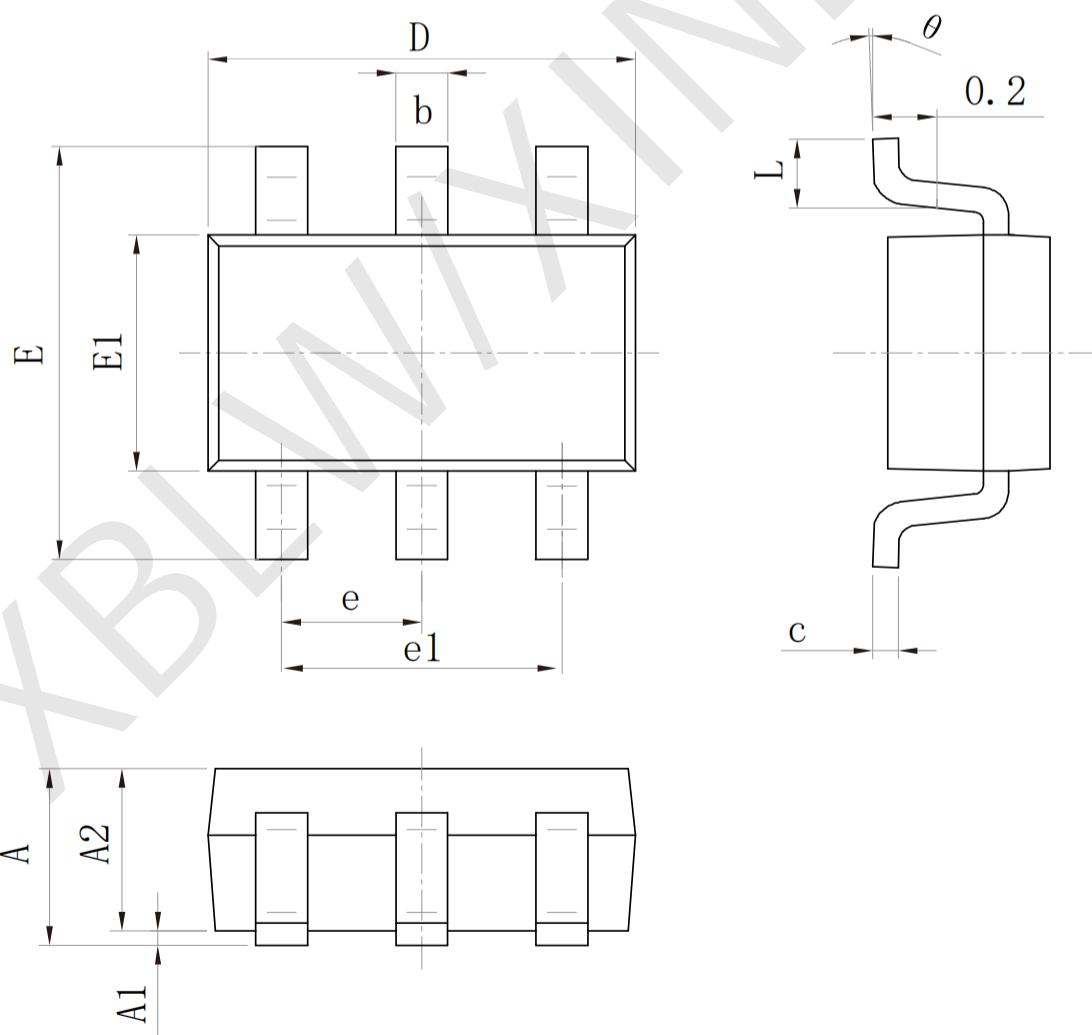
- SOT23-5

SIZE SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		SIZE SYMBOL	Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN (mm)	MAX (mm)		MIN (in)	MAX (in)
A	1.050	1.250	A	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	A1	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	A2	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	b	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.200	c	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	D	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	E	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	E1	0.104	0.116
e	0.95 (BSC)		e	0.037 (BSC)	
e1	1.800	2.000	e1	0.071	0.079
L	0.300	0.600	L	0.012	0.024
$\theta$	0°	8°	$\theta$	0°	8°



- SOT23-6

SIZE SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		SIZE SYMBOL	Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN (mm)	MAX (mm)		MIN (mm)	MAX (mm)
A	1.050	1.250	A	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	A1	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	A2	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	b	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.200	c	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	D	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	E	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	E1	0.104	0.116
e	0.950 (BSC)		e	0.037 (BSC)	
e1	1.800	2.000	e1	0.071	0.079
L	0.300	0.600	L	0.012	0.024
$\theta$	0°	8°	$\theta$	0°	8°



## Statement:

- XBLW reserves the right to modify the product manual without prior notice! Before placing an order, customers need to confirm whether the obtained information is the latest version and verify the completeness of the relevant information.
- Any semi-guide product is subject to failure or malfunction under specified conditions. It is the buyer's responsibility to comply with safety standards when using XBLW products for system design and whole machine manufacturing. And take the appropriate safety measures to avoid the potential risk of loss of personal injury or loss of property situation!
- XBLW products have not been licensed for life support, military, and aerospace applications, and therefore XBLW is not responsible for any consequences arising from the use of this product in these areas.
- If any or all XBLW products (including technical data, services) described or contained in this document are subject to any applicable local export control laws and regulations, they may not be exported without an export license from the relevant authorities in accordance with such laws.
- The specifications of any and all XBLW products described or contained in this document specify the performance, characteristics, and functionality of said products in their standalone state, but do not guarantee the performance, characteristics, and functionality of said products installed in Customer's products or equipment. In order to verify symptoms and conditions that cannot be evaluated in a standalone device, the Customer should ultimately evaluate and test the device installed in the Customer's product device.
- XBLW documentation is only allowed to be copied without any alteration of the content and with the relevant authorization. XBLW assumes no responsibility or liability for altered documents.
- XBLW is committed to becoming the preferred semiconductor brand for customers, and XBLW will strive to provide customers with better performance and better quality products.