

- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

Product Summary

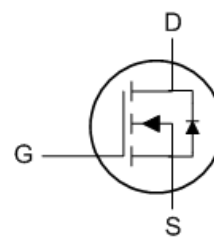
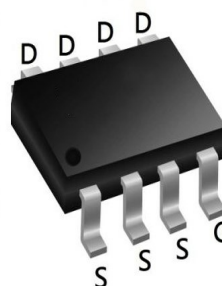
BVDSS	RDSON	ID
30V	9mΩ	15.0A

Description

The IRF7807TRPBF is the high cell density trench N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The IRF7807TRPBF meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

SOP8 Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	15.0	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	8.2	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	42	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	61	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	35	A
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	1.5	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹	---	85	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	36	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	30	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	BV_{DSS} Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=1mA$	---	0.027	---	$V/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=10A$	---	7.5	9	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=8A$	---	11	14	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	1.5	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-5.8	---	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	μA
		$V_{DS}=24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=10A$	---	5.8	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	2.2	3.8	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=10A$	---	12.6	17.6	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	4.2	5.9	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	5.1	7.1	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=15V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=10A$	---	6.2	12.4	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	59	106	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	27.6	55	
T_f	Fall Time		---	8.4	16.8	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	1317	1845	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	163	228.2	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	131	183.4	

Diode Characteristics

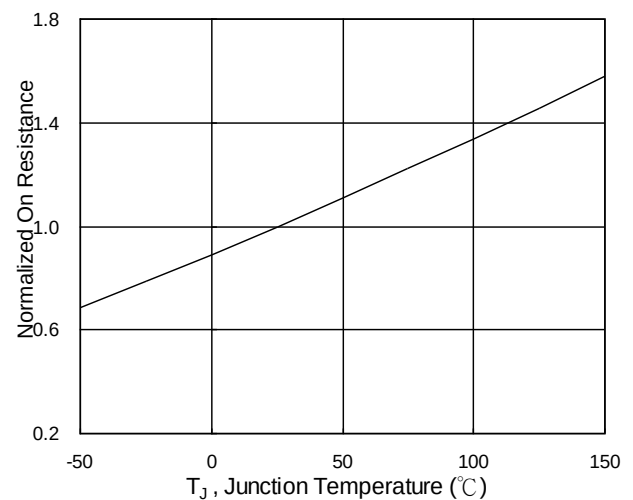
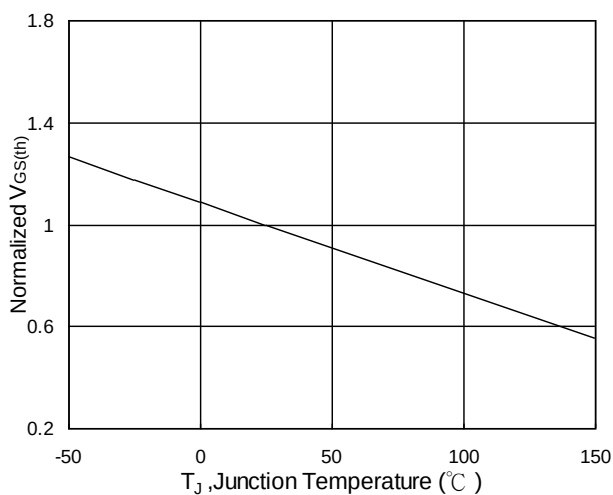
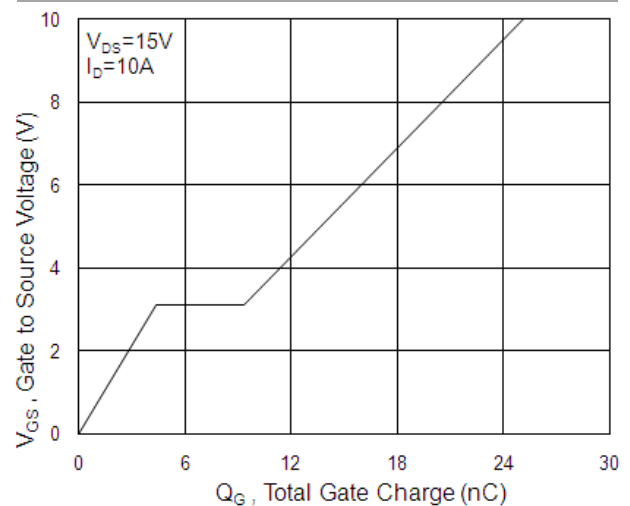
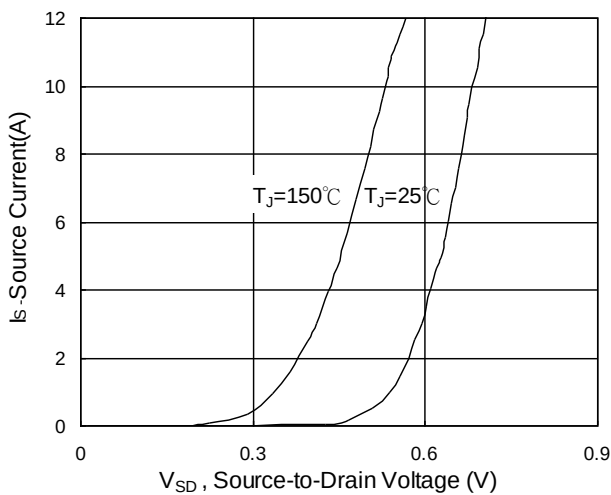
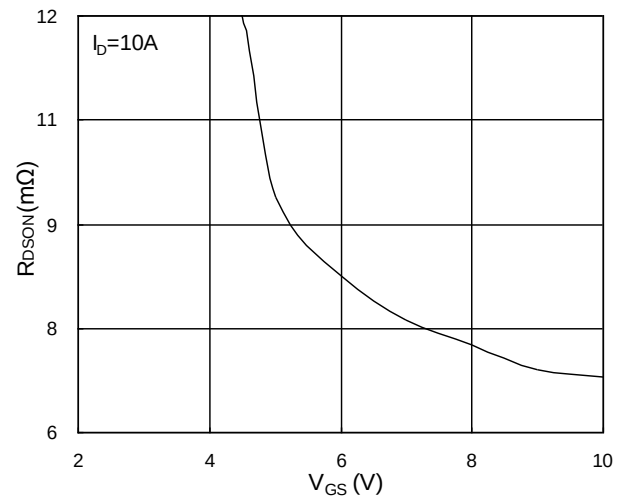
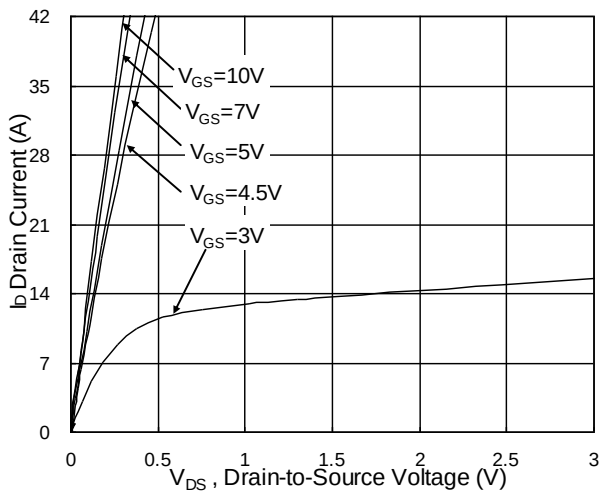
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0V$, Force Current	---	---	10.3	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	42	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=10A, dI/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	12.5	---	nS
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	5	---	nC

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 20Z copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{DD}=25V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=35A$
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.



Typical Characteristics



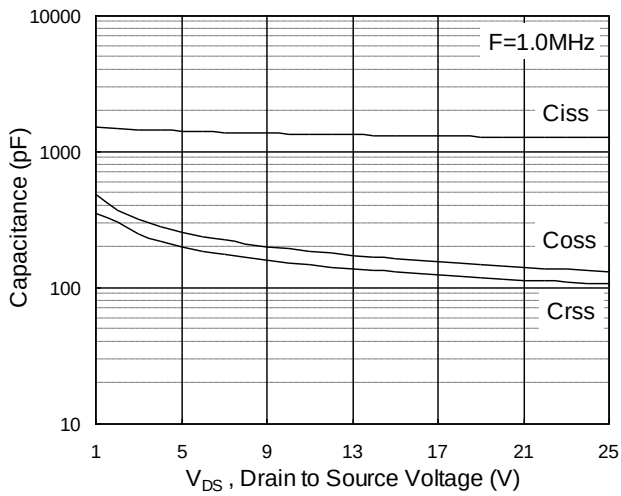


Fig.7 Capacitance

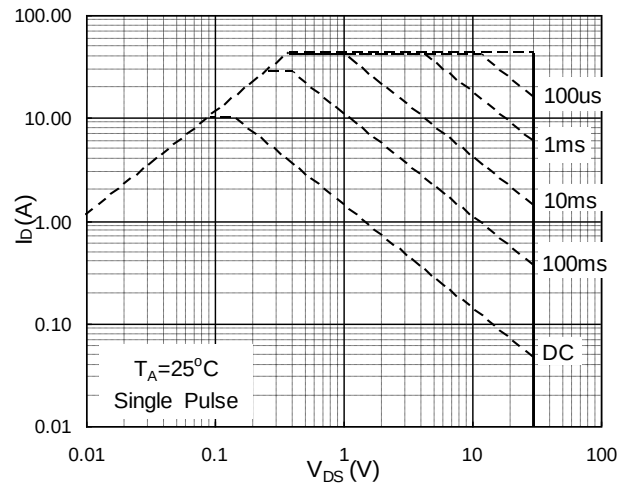


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

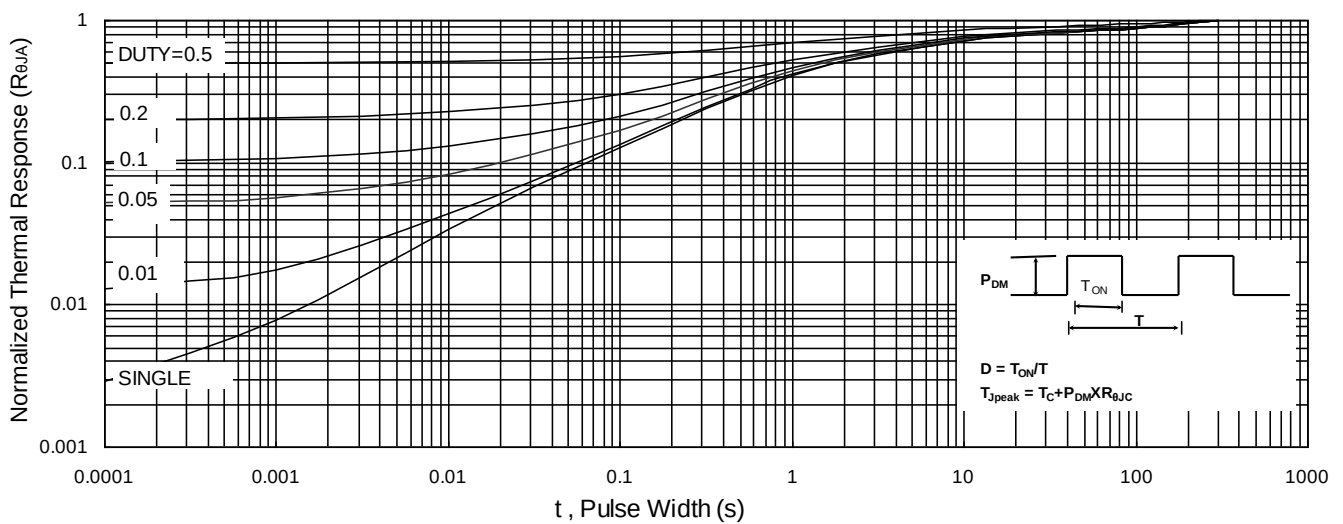


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

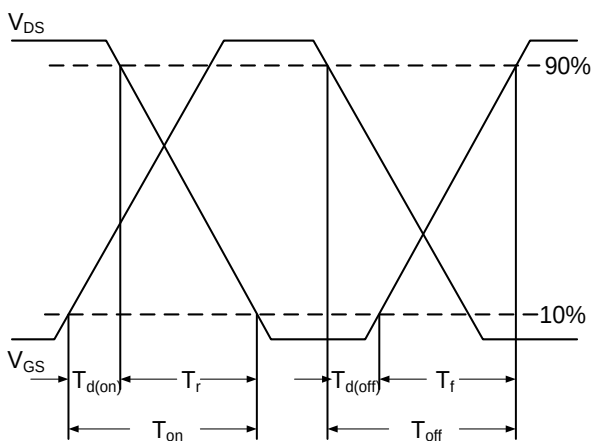


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

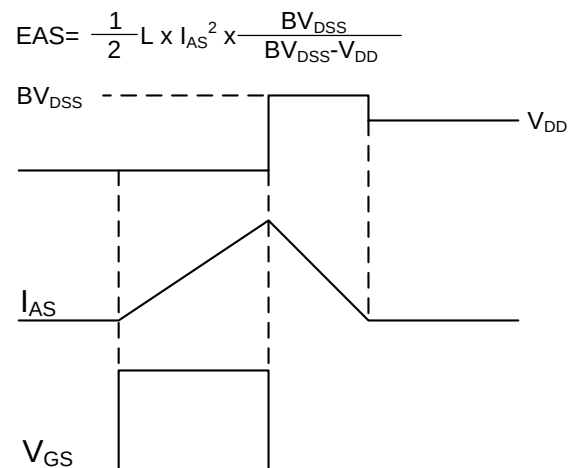


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform